WVDOH's Enhanced Friction Asphalt Overlay

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How many people die in RURAL road departure crashes each day in the US?





Important Issue Across the Country





Case Study: West Virginia Department of Transportation

West Virginia has a high number of run-off-the-road crashes. Their goal of applying HFST at these locations is to reduce the number of crashes. They intend to look at the total number of accidents 3 years after application.

WIRT COUNTY - WV 14 AT MP 15.48

WV 14 is a typical two-lane road in West Virginia with an ADT of 3400. The site is located at a six-degree horizontal curve. Prior to application, this site had four wet weather crashes in a span of 3 years. No skid testing reading was available prior to the project, but it had a reading higher than 69 after installation. The project was completed in October 2012. Total linear feet of installation is 420.

MERCER COUNTY – WV 20 AT MP 16.42 BETWEEN PRINCETON AND ATHENS, WV

WV 20 is a two-lane road in southern West Virginia with an ADT of 7200 compromising mostly of commuters. The site is located at a series of horizontal curves. Prior to the application, this site had four run-off-the-road crashes in a span of 3 years. No skid testing reading was available prior to the project, but it had a reading higher than 69 upon project completion. The project was completed in August 2011. Total linear feet of installation is 2,200.





HFST in West Virginia







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Friction Level Basics

Example of Crash Rate vs. Friction



Source: Najafi et al., 2017

Friction Levels

High Friction Surface Treatment (High \$\$\$)

Large gap in possible friction values from traditional surfaces. (A few temporary solutions do exist)

New traditional surfaces with skid aggregates, etc.

Overlays w/ traditional non-skid aggregates Do nothing

Friction

ncreasing

Traditional Asphalt Surfaces

High Friction Surface Treatment

What options do we have?



Do we have other material/pavement options?

Enhanced friction aggregate in thinlays, microsurfacing, chip seals, etc.

Long-term, sustainable friction > 50

Examples

- Lightweight aggregate chip seal (W2)
- Bauxite in thinlays and Microsurfacing





Can this work in a dense-graded HPTO?

- Will it work in DGA?
- Will it work with WV materials?
- What friction level should we target during design?
- How much bauxite is enough to get the friction we want?
- Are we wasting bauxite by burying it in the mix?
- Can we fit the bauxite within the HPTO gradation band?
- How will we handle large differences in Gsb?
- Can we get enough macrotexture?
- Many more questions!



New WVDOH Test Section (E1) Enhanced Friction Asphalt Overlay



Will this work in WVDOH HPTO spec?



Into this?

Standard Sieve Size	Percent Passing
1/2 in. (12.5 mm)	100
3/8 in. (9.5 mm)	90-100
No.4 (4.75 mm)	95 max
No.8 (2.36 mm)	30-60
No.16 (1.18 mm)	25-40
No.30 (600 µm)	15-30
No.50 (300 µm)	10-25
No.100 (150 µm)	5-15
No. 200 (75 µm)	4-12
Asphalt Content	7.0 Min

TABLE 496.4.2B

Design Volumetric Property Requirements for HPTO Mix Design Note-3		
Design Criteria	Ndesign	
Number of Design Gyrations	50	
Air Voids (%)	3.0	
Voids-in-Mineral Aggregate (%)	18.0 minimum	
Fines-to-Effective Asphalt Ratio	0.6-1.2	
Tensile strength ratio (AASHTO T283) Note-3	85% minimum	

Will this work in WVDOH HPTO spec?

Managed to get up to 40% bauxite to fit gradation band



How much bauxite is enough?

• Targeting DFT (friction) > 0.50 after polishing







How much bauxite is enough?

- Targeting DFT (friction) > 0.50 after polishing
- Achieved with 3 blends (22 30%)
- Chose mix with stable volumetrics and checked rutting
- 25% baux. in Blend 3 ► DFT = 0.52



Are we wasting bauxite by burying it?



Will we have enough macrotexture?



Production





Paving



Paving



Compaction





Final Surfaces



Notable QC/Acceptance Results

	E1 (Design)	E1 (Acceptance)
AC%	7.3%	7.2%
Air Voids, %	3.2%	1.8%
VMA, %	18.9%	17.6%
In-place Density, %	94 – 97%	94.5%
Thickness, in		1.0 - 1.2"
Production Temp, °F		335 °F



Performance

- Checked rutting in lab ► OK!
- DFT testing on plant mix ► In the queue.
- No cracking or rutting changes
- Texture still too early to tell (MPD \approx 0.4 mm)
 - Similar to previous bauxite SMA (for now...)
 - No differences between screed types.



W3 Performance (prev. bauxite mix)



W3 SMA Bauxite (2017-2024) — ESALs



W3 Performance (first 10M ESALs)



W3 SMA Bauxite (First 10M ESALs)

E1 Performance



Back to Friction Levels

High Friction Surface Treatment (High \$\$\$)

Increasing Friction

Large gap in possible friction values from traditional surfaces. (A few temporary solutions do exist) WV Bauxite thin overlay (DGA or SMA)

New traditional surfaces with skid aggregates, etc.

Do nothing / Overlays w/ traditional non-skid aggregates

Summary

- Few asphalt surfaces can provide enhanced friction (>50) long term.
- Bauxite can be used in fine DGA and SMAs to improve friction.
- Embedding bauxite inside the mix increases friction with time (early on).



- Texture remains a question. Stay tuned!
 - Improve mechanically? With Gradation? TBD?



Thank you!!

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